5: Blanco Izaga G-4,5 (1914-1945) 1975 MX3 Rif MX3
Aith Waryaghar

59 i) Summary:--The Rifian family is patriarchal and patrilineal, agnatic and polygamous (i.e. polygynous). It needs to be large because of possible loss through feuds or lack of hygiene. Although 562 428 legally a woman inherits one-half of what a man does (i.e. sons inherit twice as much as daughters), Rifians interpret Muslim inheritance laws in their own way, through customs such as "men's habus"[49], or the return to her house of a divorced woman, whether this be Koranically sanctioned or not. A woman does not inherit but is, in effect, inherited[50]; she bears children but cannot give them her name. She works, but cannot buy or sell; she exists to give pleasure to her husband, and is maltreated in return; but she is probably happier 000 than many of her European counterparts.....In my own opinion, the (Spanish) Protectorate has improved the status of women...and I think that if the Rifians consider men to be the superior of the sexes, this is so undoubtedly because men had to protect their womenfolk constantly, with rifle in hand. They saw in them a cause of weakness, but recognized them as being necessary to group survival (sic!). The Rifian family needed a headman with unquestioned authority, rigorous discipline without sentimentality, and an automatic ability 562 to heal breaches. Women were exempt from feuding and had at their disposition their own markets, reserved for them exclusively; in a sense, they formed a society which was semi-independent from that of [926] men. In battle, they incited men to combat. The shift today (1935) [178] toward Koranic norms is more apparent than real, and is taking place at the cost of parallel diminution, at the same time, of the sociopolitical importance of the group.[51]